Directorate of Education, GNCT, Delhi SUGGESTIVE ANSWERS OF PRACTICE PAPER-II

Term 2 (2021-22) CLASS X

Science (विज्ञान) (086)

Max. Marks: 40 Time: 2 hours

In this Marking scheme suggestive answers are given. Alternative correct answers can also be considered.

Q.No. SECTION – A Marks			
Q.No.	SECTION – A		
1.	i. Electronic configuration of R is:		
	K L M M		
	Thus, there are 3 valence electrons in element R.	1/2	
	ii. Q has 1 electron and S has 7 electrons in the valence shell.	1/2	
	Therefore, formula of the compound will be QS.	1/2	
2.	Two properties are:		
	i. Catenation: the ability to form bonds with other atoms of carbon.	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	
	ii. Tetravalency of carbon	1	
	OR		
	Second member of the alkene series:		
	$General\ formula - C_nH_{2n}$	1/2	
	As the formula CH ₂ does not exist C ₂ H ₄ is the first member of alkene series	1	
	So second member- C_3H_6 (Propene)	1	
	Structure of the first member:		
	H C = C H		
3.			
	i.		
	Binary fission Multiple fission	1/ + 1/	
	• The organism splits into two • The organism splits into	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	
	nuclei (daughter cells). many nuclei (daughter cells).		
	e.g. Plasmodium		
	iiSperm formation requires a lower temperature than normal body temperature.	1/ ₂ 1/ ₂	
	- This temperature is 1-3 ⁰ C lower than the body temperature.		
	OR		
	1	<u>l</u>	

	Anther B Petals C Ovary D Sepals Correct labels	4 x ½
	For Visually Impaired students: Pollination is the transfer of pollen grains from the anther to the stigma Of a flower whereas fertilization is the fusion Of male gamete with female gamete (egg).	1+1
4.	Case 1: [Heterozygous] [Dwarf] Parents Tt X Gametes T t t t Tall Tall The state of the state o	1/ ₂ 1/ ₂ 1/ ₂ 1/ ₂
5.	i. Principle of electric motor: a current-carrying conductor experiences a force when placed in a magnetic field. If the direction of magnetic field and that of current are mutually perpendicular then the direction of force is given by Fleming's left hand rule. (Can also express through diagram) Loft hand Magnetic field Magnetic field Magnetic field Magnetic field John Magnetic field Magnetic field John Magnetic fiel	1 1/2
	Because it behaves as a bar magnet.	1/2
6.	If we kill all the herbivores of a food chain, • the number of individuals in the next trophic level (secondary consumers) will decrease due to nonavailability of food.	1
	2	

	Also, the number of individuals in the first trophic level (producers) will increase			1		
	•		-	(produ	icers) will increase	1
	because there is					
	(Imbalance in the ecosystem)					
			OR			
	=	_	ground for flies and mose	quitoes	which are carriers	1
	of diseases like	Cholera, typi	hoid and malaria.			
	• It will produce f	oul smell, thus	s causing air pollution. if t	hrown	to water, it would	1
	cause water poll	ution.				
7.			T- 1 . 0	· ~ ·		
		i.	Production of egg	В	Ovary	1/ 1
		11.	Site of fertilization	A	Fallopian tube	$^{1}/_{2} \times 4$
		iii.	Site of implantation	С	Uterus	
		iv.	Site of entry of sperm	D	Vagina	
		For Visus	ally Impaired students:			
		i.	Production of	200	Ovary	
		ii.	Site of fertilizat		Fallopian tube	
		iii.	Site of implantat		Uterus	½ x 4
		iv.	Site of entry of spe		Vagina	
	l		, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		, 49114	
8.	SECTION -B Formula of Cyclopentane : C ₅ H ₁₀			1/2		
				_	of Propane is C ₃ H ₈	1/ ₂
			Electron dot structu		•	72
			Election dot sirden	110 01 1	Topane (C3118) 15	
					П	
	H H H × × × × ×			2		
	$(H \overset{\bullet \times)}{\circ} C \overset{(X)}{\times} C \overset{(X)}{\times} C \overset{(X \bullet)}{\times} H$					
	T X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X					
			El	lectron d	ot structure	
9.	i. No ,because all th	nese elements	do not have similar prope	erties a	Ithough the atomic	
	i. No ,because all these elements do not have similar properties although the atomic mass of Silicon is average of the atomic masses of Sodium (Na) and Chlorine(Cl).			$\frac{1}{2} + 1$		
	-		ents have similar propertie			
	Magnesium(M	g) is approxii	mately average of the ator	nic ma	sses of Be and Ca.	$\frac{1}{2} + 1$
	OR					
			OK			
	There are 18 groups and 7 periods in the modern periodic table.			1/2 +1/2		
	i. On moving down a group, the atomic size increases and metallic character also			72 ⊤72 1		
					increases.	1
	ii. On moving fro	m left to right	in a period, the atomic size			1
				charac	eter also decreases.	
10.	iPollen grows the pollen tube so as to reach the female gamete in the ovary.		1/2			
10.						
	-The pollen tube carries two male gametes in it, -one male gamete fuses with egg cell and forms zygote,		1/2			
	the other mala		-			1/2
	-the other male gamete fuses with secondary nucleus to form endosperm nuclei.			1/2		
	3					
i			J			

	ii.	
	Budding in Hydra Budding in Hydra Budding in Yeast Buds produced are multicellular. Buds produced are unicellular Buds produced are unicellular Buds may remain attached to the parent body. (any one difference)	1
11.	i. Current flowing through 4 Ω resistor: $1/R_p = 1/8 + 1/8$ $= 1+1/8$	
	$= \frac{1 + 178}{8}$ $= \frac{2}{8} = 4 \Omega$ $R_s = 4 \Omega + R_p = 4 \Omega + 4\Omega = 8\Omega$	1/ ₂ 1/ ₂
	So Current Flowing through $4\Omega = V/I$ $8V/8\Omega = 1~A$	1/ ₂ 1/ ₂
	ii. Potential difference across 4Ω : $V=R\;I$	1/2
	$V = 4 \times 1$ $4V$	1/2
	For Visually impaired students:	
	i. Voltmeter is always connected in parallel.	1
	ii. The resistance of a conductor depends on	
	• Its length	
	• Its area of cross -section	½ x 4
	Nature of the material of the conductor The second s	, 2 11 .
12.	• Temperature of the conductor The process of increase of concentration of harmful chemicals like pesticides from first	1
12.	trophic level to the last trophic level in a food chain is called Biological magnification.	1
	 The concentration of the DDT will be maximum in Big fish as accumulation of non-biodegradable substance is maximum at highest trophic level. Algae———> Zooplanktons———> Small fish———> Big fish 	1
	 DDT is metabolized and excreted much more slowly than the nutrients that are passed from one trophic level to the next. So DDT accumulates in the bodies of animals. 	1
13.	i. Resistance is a property of conductor due to which it resists the flow of electric current through it. Its SI unit is Ohm (Ω) .	1
	ii. Heat produced in a resistor is-	1/2
	•	1/2
	• directly proportional to square of current flowing through it.	1/2
	directly proportional to resistance.	1/2
	4	

	Directly proportional to time		
	$H = I^2Rt = VIt = V^2t/R$		
	(any one of the formula)		
	OR		
	i. Tungsten is used for filament of electric lamps because its melting point is extremely high.		
	ii. Resistance (R) of a wire is inversely proportional to its cross-section area(A).		
	 iii. series arrangements can not be used for domestic circuits because In series arrangement, same current will flow through all the appliances, which is not required. We cannot use independent on/off switches with individual appliances. Total resistance of domestic circuit will be the sum of the resistances of all the appliances and so current drawn by the circuit will be less. (any one of these or any other correct answer) 	1	
	SECTION –C		
14.	i. Dominant trait	1/2	
	Recessive trait	1/2	
	ii. 3:1	1/2	
	1:2:1	1/2	
	iii. 1part Homozygous Tall : 2 parts heterozygous Tall : 1part homozygous dwarf		
	Tall Dwarf		
	Parents ☐ × tt		
	Gametes T t		
	Tt F, generation Tall		
	On selfing		
	π * π	2	
	Gametes (T) (1) (T) (t) Or		
	F ₂ generation T Tt Tt Tall Tall		
	Tt tt Tall Dwarf		
	Phenotypic ratio - Tall plants : Dwarf plants 3 : 1		
	Genotypic ratio - TT : Tt : tt 1 : 2 : 1		
	OR		
	Observations noticed by Mendel in his experiments with Monohybrid and Dihybrid crosses were:		
	• In Monohybrid crosses the dominant allele of a trait are seen (law of dominance)		
	• In Dihybrid crosses segregation of traits in the offspring were seen. (Law of Independent Assortment)	1	

	i. The iron fillings experiences force due to the magnetic field and thus align	15.
1	themselves along the magnetic field lines.	
1	ii. The lines along which the iron fillings align ,represent the magnetic field lines.	
1+1	iiiThe crowding of the iron fillings at the ends of the magnet indicate position of two magnetic poles of N and S of bar magnet.	
	It also indicates that the strength of magnet is maximum at poles (where	
	it is crowded)	
	OR	
1 + 1	• A magnetic field line always points in the direction of magnetic field.	
	• No two magnetic field lines intersect each other.	

