ⁱDirectorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi

Practice Paper (2024-25) Class – XII

Biology (Code: 044)

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

General Instructions:

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

- All questions are compulsory.
- The question paper has five sections and 33 questions.
- Section-A has 16 questions of 1 mark each.
 - Section-B has 5 questions of 2 marks each.
 - Section–C has 7 questions of 3 marks each.
 - Section–D has 2 case-based questions of 4 marks each.

and

Section–E has 3 questions of 5 marks each.

- There is no overall choice. However, internal choices have been provided in some questions. A student has to attempt only one of the alternatives in such questions.
- Wherever necessary, neat and properly labeled diagrams should be drawn.

		Section – A	
		only one of the choices is correct. Select and write	the corre
Q. No	s well as the answer to these questions	Question	Marks
1.	Which function of tapetum is correct ?		1
	(a) Helps in pollen wall formation	(b) Transportation of nutrients to inner side of anther	
	(c) Synthesis of enzyme for separa micropore tetrads	tion of (d) All of these	
2.	Which method can be used for women that cannot produce ovum but can.provide suitable environment?		1
	(a) IUD	(b) GIFT	
	(c) IUI	(d) ICSI	
3.	Refer to the given figure. Parents: Female Male Meiosis Mitosis Female Nale Female n This type of sex determination is found in		1
	(a) grasshoppers and cockroaches	(b) birds and reptiles	
	(c) butterflies and moths (d) honeybees, ants and wasps		

	Quest		Mar	
4	Which of the following is not an example	of recessive autosomal disease?	_	
	(a) Haemophilia	(b) Cystic fibrosis		
	(c) Phenylketonuria	(d) Sickle-cell anaemia		
5	Which of the following criteria should be material? i) it should be able to replicate	fulfilled by a molecule to act as a.genetic	1	
	ii) it should be able to replicate iii) it should be structurally and chemically iii) it should be able to undergo slow mut iv) it should be able to express itself in th	ations.		
	(a) (i) and (ii)	(b) (ii) and (iii)		
	(c) (i),(ii) and (iii)	(d) (i),(ii),(iii) and (iv)		
6	The given figure shows an example of	Tendril	1	
	Thorn—Bougainvillea Cucurbita			
	Cuc		 	
	(a) homologous organs (c) divergent evolution	(b) convergent evolution (d) both (a) and (c)		
7	(a) homologous organs (c) divergent evolution	(b) convergent evolution	1	
7	(a) homologous organs (c) divergent evolution During the life cycle of plasmodium, sexu	(b) convergent evolution (d) both (a) and (c)	1	
7	(a) homologous organs (c) divergent evolution During the life cycle of plasmodium, sexufollowing hosts?	(b) convergent evolution (d) both (a) and (c) ual reproduction takes place in which of the	1	
7	(a) homologous organs (c) divergent evolution During the life cycle of plasmodium, sext following hosts? (a) Human	(b) convergent evolution (d) both (a) and (c) ual reproduction takes place in which of the (b Female Anopheles mosquito	1	
	(a) homologous organs (c) divergent evolution During the life cycle of plasmodium, sexufollowing hosts? (a) Human (c) Male Anopheles mosquito	(b) convergent evolution (d) both (a) and (c) ual reproduction takes place in which of the (b Female Anopheles mosquito		
	(a) homologous organs (c) divergent evolution During the life cycle of plasmodium, sexufollowing hosts? (a) Human (c) Male Anopheles mosquito Marijuana is extracted from (a) dried leaves and flowers of hemp	(b) convergent evolution (d) both (a) and (c) ual reproduction takes place in which of the (b Female Anopheles mosquito (d) Both (a) and (b)		
	(a) homologous organs (c) divergent evolution During the life cycle of plasmodium, sexufollowing hosts? (a) Human (c) Male Anopheles mosquito Marijuana is extracted from (a) dried leaves and flowers of hemp plant. (c) roots of hemp plant	(b) convergent evolution (d) both (a) and (c) Lal reproduction takes place in which of the (b Female Anopheles mosquito (d) Both (a) and (b) (b) ergot fungus		
8	(a) homologous organs (c) divergent evolution During the life cycle of plasmodium, sext following hosts? (a) Human (c) Male Anopheles mosquito Marijuana is extracted from (a) dried leaves and flowers of hemp plant. (c) roots of hemp plant The given figure represents a typical biogeness of the second seco	(b) convergent evolution (d) both (a) and (c) Lal reproduction takes place in which of the (b Female Anopheles mosquito (d) Both (a) and (b) (b) ergot fungus (d) cocoa plant.	1	

	Questio	o n 	Mar
10	Read the given statements and select the correct option.		1
		as increased shelf life and better nutrient	
	quality. Statement 2 : This is achieved by reducir	ng the amount of cell wall degrading enzyme	
	'polygalacturonase' responsible for fruit softening.		
	(a) Both statements 1 and 2 are correct.	(b) Statement 1 is correct but Statement 2 is incorrect.	
	(c) Statement 1 is incorrect but Statement.2 is correct	(d) Both Statements 1 and 2 are incorrect.	
11	The given pie diagram represents the provertebrates. Identify the groups A and B.	pportionate number of species of major taxa of	1
	Mammals A B		
		Amphibians	
	(a) A- Reptiles. B- Birds	(b) A- Fish. B- Birds	
	(c) A- Birds. B- Fish	(d) A- Birds. B- Reptiles	
	(a) cryopreservation techniques	(b) invitro fertilisation	
	(c) tissue culture	(d) All of these	
		(d) All of these ements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). e option given below: e correct explanation of A.	
13	(c) tissue culture Question No. 13 to 16 consist of two states Answer these questions selecting the appropriate a) Both A and R are true, and R is the b) Both A and R are true, and R is not c) A is true, but R is false.	(d) All of these ements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). e option given below: c correct explanation of A. the correct explanation of A.	1
	(c) tissue culture Question No. 13 to 16 consist of two states Answer these questions selecting the appropriate a) Both A and R are true, and R is the b) Both A and R are true, and R is not c) A is true, but R is false. d) A is False, but R is true. Assertion: Founder effect may lead to for Reason: Founders carry all the parental of	(d) All of these ements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). e option given below: c correct explanation of A. the correct explanation of A. emation of new species. gene pool to a new location.	
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14	(c) tissue culture Question No. 13 to 16 consist of two states Answer these questions selecting the appropriate a) Both A and R are true, and R is the b) Both A and R are true, and R is not c) A is true, but R is false. d) A is False, but R is true. Assertion: Founder effect may lead to for Reason: Founders carry all the parental of Assertion: Immunisation is achieved by the Reason: Vaccine is a preparation of one active immunity.	(d) All of these ements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). e option given below: correct explanation of A. the correct explanation of A. mation of new species. gene pool to a new location. ne successful delivery of vaccines. or more microbial agents, used to induce an alien organism generally does not replicate	1
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Section – B		
Q. No	Question	Marks
17	Name the hormones involved in regulation of spermatogenesis.	2
18	Explain the mechanism of 'sex determination' in birds. How does it differ from that of human beings?	2
19	Explain why hnRNA need to undergo splicing? Where does splicing occur in the cell?	2
20	How does a simple stirred tank bioreactor differ from sparged stirred-tank bioreactor?	2
21	What is GEAC and what are its objectives ?	2

Section – C		
Q. No	Question	Marks
22	Mention the roles and locations of the myometrium and endometrium within the human reproductive system.	3
23	What is Thalassemia? How is Thalassemia different from Sickle-cell anaemia?	3
	OR	Ť
	Is Haemophilia in humans a sex linked or autosomal disorder? Work out a cross in support of your answer.	
24	i. Write a short note on adaptive radiation.	3
	ii. Who among the Dryopithecus and.Ramapithecus was more man - like?	
25	From which plant cannabinoids are obtained? Which part of the body is affected by consuming these substances?	3
26	Explain with reference to PCR	3
	a) A specific enzyme helps in application in PCR. Name the bacterium from which it is isolated and state how its thermostable nature is helpful.	
	b) Explain its use in molecular diagnosis.	
27	CrylAb is introduced in a plant to prevent infestation by corn borer.	3
	a) What is the resultant plant referred as ?	
	b) Summarize the action of the gene introduced	
28	Name and Explain the processes earthworm and bacteria carry on detritus.	3
	Or	
	Flow of energy through various trophic levels in an ecosystem is unidirectional and non-cyclic. Explain	

	Section – D	
Q. No	Question	Marks
29	Read the following passage and answer the questions that follows: -	4
	Infertility is the inability to conceive oe produce children even after two years of unprotected sexual co-habitation. According to recent finding., every fifth Male Indian in the age group of 18 to 20 years is infertile. Infertility is also found in human females as well. There are number of causes of infertility. Government of India has established specialised health care clinics to assist the infertile couples to have children with the help of these special techniques called ARTs.	
	Name the health clinics which help the infertile couples to have a child. Which techniques is used for direct injection of sperm into ovum of females? Write the full form of GIFT. OR	
	Write the full form of ZIFT.	
	4) How does the inability of the insemination in male partner or very low sperm count can be corrected?	
30	Read the following passage and answer the questions that follows: -	4
	In nature, no living organism, whether it be plants, animals, or microbes, exist in isolation. They engage in various forms of interaction, giving rise to the formation of biological communities. These interactions, involving populations of two or more distinct species, are referred to as interspecific interactions. These interactions can take on different characteristics, including positive (beneficial), negative, or neutral (neither harmed north beneficial) relationships, encompassing phenomena such as mutualism or parasitism. 1) Mutualism is which type of interaction. a) positive b) negative c) neutral d) positive and negative 2) Cuscuta is an example of a) ectoparasitism b) brood parasitism c) predation	
	d) endoparasitism 3) Mycorrhizae is the a) fungistasis b) amensalism c) mutualism d) antibiosis 4) Cuckoo and Crow are a) competition b) ectoparasites c) brood parasitism d) predation	

Section – E		
Q. No	Question	Marks
31	a) i) In the given diagram, Write names of parts labelled a-g.for Visually-impaired students What is meant by emasculation? When and why does a plant breeder employ this technique?	5
	ii) How is pollination carried out in water plants?	
	OR	
	What is double fertilisation? Describe the process with diagrams from the stage of megaspore formation to zygote formation.	
	b) Cyclosporin- A and Streptokinase are two bioactive molecules name the microbe which produces these bioactive molecules. Write their use.	
32	i) Differentiate between leading strand and lagging strand. ii) Define Okazaki fragments. iii) Describe the structure of a nucleosome.	5
	OR	
	What is transforming principle? Explain it with the help of experiment done by Frederick Griffith. What do you mean by intron and exon?	
33	a) Explain the role of three micro- organisms as biocontrol agents. b) What is significance of BOD? c) Give an example for a fungus found in mycorrhiza.	5
	OR	
	a) What is baker's yeast? Give its application	