

Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi
Practice Paper (Mid-Term)
Session - 2025-26
Class VII
Social Science

Time allowed: 2 Hour 30 Min

M.M 60

General Instructions:

- (i) This Question paper comprises Six Sections – A, B, C, D, E and F. Overall there are 14 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Section A- Question number 1.i to 1.xv, are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- (iii) Section B- Question number 2 to 5, are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 20 words.
- (iv) Section C- Question number 6 and 7, are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40 words.
- (v) Section D- Question number 8 and 9 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 80 words.
- (vi) Section E- Questions number from 10 to 13 are case based questions carrying 4 marks each. Each question has three sub questions.
- (vii) Section F- Question number 14 is map based question, carrying 5 marks.
- (viii) Separate questions are given for **Visually Impaired Students Only** in lieu of Question number 14.
- (ix) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
- (x) In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.

	Section A Multiple Choice Questions	1x15=15
i.	Which of the following is not a natural ecosystem? A. Mountain B. Road C. Sea D. Forest	1
ii.	Identify the correct match. A. World Environment Day - 5 June B. World Environment Day - 10 June C. World Environment Day - 15 June D. World Environment Day - 20 June	1
iii.	Fill in the blanks with the help of suitable option. The innermost layer of the earth is called - _____. Options A. Atmosphere B. Mantle C. Crust D. Core	1
iv.	Which of the following is/are types of rocks? 1. Sedimentary 2. Metamorphic 3. Igneous Options A. Only 1 B. Only 1 and 2 C. Only 2 and 3 D. All 1,2,3	1
v.	Which of the following is not a seismic wave? A. P waves B. S waves C. L waves D. Y waves	1
vi.	Which of the following gases protects us from the harmful rays of the Sun? A. Carbon dioxide B. Nitrogen C. Ozone D. Argon	1
vii.	When did the civil rights movement start in America? A. 1950 B. 1964 C. 1974 D. 1994	1
viii.	Who among the following appoints the Governor? A. Central Government B. State Government C. Indian High Court D. Election Commission of India	1

ix.	<p>Read the following statements in the context of the Indian Constitution and choose the correct option.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Indian Constitution provides the right to equality to all citizens. 2. Untouchability has been abolished under Article 15 of the Indian Constitution. 3. Public places have been reserved for only a few people. <p>Option</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Only 1 is correct. B. Only 2 is correct. C. Only 3 is correct. D. Only 1 and 2 are correct. 	1
x.	<p>Which of the following statements is correct in the context of Costa Rica.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Costa Rica is considered the healthiest country in Central America. B. Costa Rica spends a large part of its budget on the army. C. There is a lack of health facilities in Costa Rica. D. Education is not considered important in Costa Rica. 	1
xi.	<p>Two statements are given below, Statement (I) and Statement (II). Read both the statements and choose the correct option.</p> <p>Statement (I): Only public health services are available in India.</p> <p>Statement II: Only private health services are available in India.</p> <p>Options</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct. B. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect. C. Statement (I) is correct and Statement (II) is incorrect. D. Statement (I) is incorrect and Statement (II) is correct. 	1
xii.	<p>Which of the following rulers belongs to the Khilji dynasty?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Ghiyasuddin Balban B. Alauddin Khilji C. Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq D. Qutubuddin Aibak 	1
xiii.	<p>Who propounded the policy of Sulh - Kul?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Akbar B. Jahangir C. Shahjahan D. Aurangzeb 	1
xiv.	<p>Two statements are given below, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.</p> <p>Assertion (A): The rulers of Gurjar Pratihara Rashtrakuta and Pala eras fought among themselves for centuries for control over Kannauj.</p> <p>Reason (R): The battle for rule over Kannauj was long and there were three parties in this battle that is why historians presented it as a tripartite conflict.</p> <p>Options</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A). B. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion. C. Assertion (A) is correct and Reason (R) is incorrect. D. Assertion (A) is incorrect and Reason (R) is correct. 	1

xv.	Two statements are given below, Statement (I) and Statement (II). Read both the statements and choose the correct option. Statement (I): Manuscripts are the source of history. Statement II: Manuscripts are kept safe in archives. Options A. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct. B. Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect. C. Statement (I) is correct and Statement (II) is incorrect. D. Statement (I) is incorrect and Statement (II) is correct.	1
	Section B Very Short Answer Type Questions	4x2=8
2.	Describe the view of historians regarding periodisation of history.	2
3.	A. Describe any two features of the mid-day meal system. OR B. How does the Indian Constitution ensure equality?	2 2
4.	A. Analyse the importance of health services. OR B. Explain the difference between public health service and private health service.	2 2
5.	Analyse the barter system.	2
	Section C Short Answer Type Questions	2x3=6
6.	A. Write any three functions of rivers. OR B. Write any three functions of glaciers.	3 3
7.	A. If you were born on Samoa Island in the 1920s, what kind of roles would you have been expected to do? Describe. OR B. Analyse the importance of domestic work.	3 3
	Section D Long Answer Type Questions	2x5=10
8.	A. Explain the different layers of the atmosphere. OR B. Describe the composition of the atmosphere.	5 5
9.	Review the land revenue system of Alauddin Khilji.	5
	Section E Case Based Questions	4x4=16
10.	Read the Passage given below and answer the following Questions. Every state in India has a Legislative Assembly. Each state is divided into different areas or constituencies. From each constituency, the people elect one representative who then becomes a Member of the Legislative Assembly (MLA). You would have noticed that people stand for elections in the name of different parties. These MLAs, therefore, belong to different political parties. 10.1. Name the highest law making body for the state? 10.2: Who elects the member of Legislative assembly? 10.3: Why is state divided into smaller areas? Explain.	4 1 1 2

11.	<p>Read the source given below and answer the following Questions.</p> <div data-bbox="408 203 1074 853" data-label="Diagram"> </div> <p>11.1: Mention the extent of Horse Latitude. 1</p> <p>11.2: What are trade winds? 1</p> <p>11.3: Why equatorial region have low pressure? 2</p>	4
12.	<p>Read the Passage given below and answer the following Questions.</p> <p>The Mongols under Genghis Khan invaded Transoxiana in north-east Iran in 1219 and the Delhi Sultanate faced their onslaught soon after. Mongol attacks on the Delhi Sultanate increased during the reign of Alauddin Khalji and in the early years of Muhammad Tughluq's rule. This forced the two rulers to mobilise a large standing army in Delhi which posed a huge administrative challenge.</p> <p>12.1: Who was Genghis Khan? 1</p> <p>12.2: Under whose reign Genghis Khan invaded Delhi? 1</p> <p>12.3: Why did Sultanate rulers have to mobilise a large standing army? 2</p>	4
13.	<p>Read the Passage given below and answer the following Questions.</p> <p>India has a large number of doctors, clinics and hospitals. The country also has considerable experience and knowledge in running a public healthcare system. This is a system of hospitals and health centres run by the government. It has the ability to look after the health of a large section of its population scattered over hundreds of thousands of villages. We will go into more detail on this later. Moreover, there has been a phenomenal advancement in medical sciences whereby many new technologies and treatment procedures are available in the country.</p> <p>13.1: Why do we need health facilities? 1</p> <p>13.2: How has the progress of science helped in medical facilities? 1</p> <p>13.3: Why is it necessary for the government to run public health services? 2</p>	4

	Section F Map Skill Based Questions	5
14.	On the given political outline map of India, locate and label the following places with appropriate symbols. (Attempt any five) I. Delhi II. Agra III. Mathura IV. Prayag (Prayagraj) V. Kannauj VI. Rajasthan	1x5=5
	Following Question is given only for Visually Impaired students in lieu of question number 14. (Attempt any five) 14.1. Who founded the Rashtrakuta dynasty? 14.2. Name the State/ Union Territory where Agra is presently located. 14.3. Name the State/ Union Territory where Mathura is presently located. 14.4. Name the State/ Union Territory where Prayag (Prayagraj) is presently located. 14.5. Name the State/ Union Territory where Kannauj is presently located. 14.6. What were the settlements of farmers called under Chola rule?	 1 1 1 1 1 1

भारत- राजनैतिक
INDIA-POLITICAL

