

DIRECTORATE OF EDUCATION, GNCT OF DELHI
PRACTICE QUESTION PAPER
Mid-Term Examination
Session 2026–27
Subject: Social Science
Class: VI

Time Allowed: 2 Hours 30 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 60

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper is divided into six sections – A, B, C, D, E and F.
3. Section A contains Question No. 1 with all sub-parts as Multiple Choice Questions. Each question carries 1 mark. Choose the correct option.
4. Section B contains Question Nos. 2 to 5, which are short answer questions carrying 2 marks each. Answer each question in at least 20 words.
5. Section C contains Question Nos. 6 and 7, which are short answer questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer each question in about 40–60 words.
6. Section D contains Question Nos. 8 and 9, which are long answer questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer each question in about 80–100 words.
7. Section E contains Question Nos. 10 to 13, which are source/case-based questions carrying 4 marks each. Read the given source/passage carefully and answer the questions.
8. Section F contains Question No. 14 is a map-based question carrying 5 marks. Mark the given locations on the map using appropriate symbols/signs.
9. No overall choice has been provided in the question paper; however, internal choices are given in some questions. Attempt only one option in such questions.
10. For Visually Impaired students, a separate question has been provided in place of Question No. 14. This question is to be attempted only by visually impaired students.
11. Maintain neatness and clarity while writing answers.

SECTION A
MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (1x15=15)

1. (i) Which of the following can be shown by a physical map? 1

- 1. Mountains
- 2. Oceans
- 3. Rivers

Options

- (A) Only 1 is correct.
- (B) Only 2 is correct.
- (C) Only 1 and 2 are correct.
- (D) 1, 2 and 3 are correct.

(ii) Name the largest ocean in the world. 1

- (A) Pacific Ocean
- (B) Indian Ocean
- (C) Arctic Ocean
- (D) Atlantic Ocean

(iii) Identify the correct matching. 1

- (A) Asia Continent - India
- (B) Africa Continent - India
- (C) Europe Continent - India
- (D) Australia Continent - India

(iv) Fill in the blank with the help of the correct option. 1

A period of 100 years is called

- (A) Decade
- (B) Fortnight
- (C) Millennium
- (D) Century

(v) Which is the oldest scripture of India? 1

- (A) Rigveda
- (B) Samaveda
- (C) Yajurveda
- (D) Atharvaveda

(vi) Who was awarded the Padma Shri in 2019 for the Shivganga Movement? 1

- (A) Mahesh Sharma
- (B) Alok Verma
- (C) Himmat Negi
- (D) Diwakar Prasad

(vii) Which institution has the right to punish for breaking the law? 1

- (A) Central Government
- (B) State Government
- (C) Legislature
- (D) Judiciary

- (viii) Where was Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam born?** 1
- (A) Uttar Pradesh
 - (B) Gujarat
 - (C) Tamil Nadu
 - (D) Kerala

- (ix) Read the Assertion (A) and Reason (R) carefully and choose the correct option.** 1

Assertion (A): Economic activities generate income.

Reason (R): Agriculture is a non-economic activity for trade.

Options

- (A) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (B) Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (C) A is correct but R is incorrect.
- (D) A is incorrect but R is correct.

- (x) Read Statement I and Statement II carefully and choose the correct option.** 1

Statement I: Political map shows the boundaries of countries and states.

Statement II: Thematic map gives us information about specific types of data.

Options

- (A) Only Statement I is correct.
- (B) Only Statement II is correct.
- (C) Both Statement I and II are correct.
- (D) Both Statement I and II are incorrect.

- (xi) What are the large water bodies on Earth called?** 1

- (A) Sea
- (B) River
- (C) Ocean
- (D) Bay

- (xii) Which of the following is not an archaeological source of history?** 1

- (A) Manuscript
- (B) Copper Plate
- (C) Poem
- (D) Coins

- (xiii) Jambudweep refers to-** 1

- (A) Island of Jamun tree fruit
- (B) Island of large rivers
- (C) Island of large size
- (D) Island of large landmass

- (xiv) Who all are included in a joint family?** 1

- (A) Only parents
- (B) Only grandparents (paternal)
- (C) Only grandparents (maternal)
- (D) Parents, grandparents, uncles and aunts

(xv) Which of the following is not a part of the legislature?

1

- (A) Lok Sabha
- (B) Vidhan Sabha
- (C) Rajya Sabha
- (D) Judiciary

Section B

Very Short Answer Questions (4x2=8)

2.(A) Describe any two functions of the Union Government.

2

OR

2.(B) Describe any two functions of the State Government.

2

3. Analyse the importance of community participation.

2

4. How do oceanic disasters affect our lives?

2

5.(A) Describe any two important latitude.

2

OR

5.(B) Describe any two types of maps.

2

Section C

Short Answer Questions (2x3=6)

6.(A) Describe the importance of timeline in the study of history.

3

OR

6.(B) Describe any three sources which are helpful in the study of history.

3

7.(A) Explain the importance of family and analyse the reasons for the decline of joint family in modern times.

3

OR

7.(B) Explain the importance of community and discuss how the role of community is changing in present society.

3

Section D

Long Answer Questions (2x5=10)

8.(A) List any five oceans and describe its environmental importance.

5

OR

8.(B) List any five continents and describe the geographical features of any one continent.

5

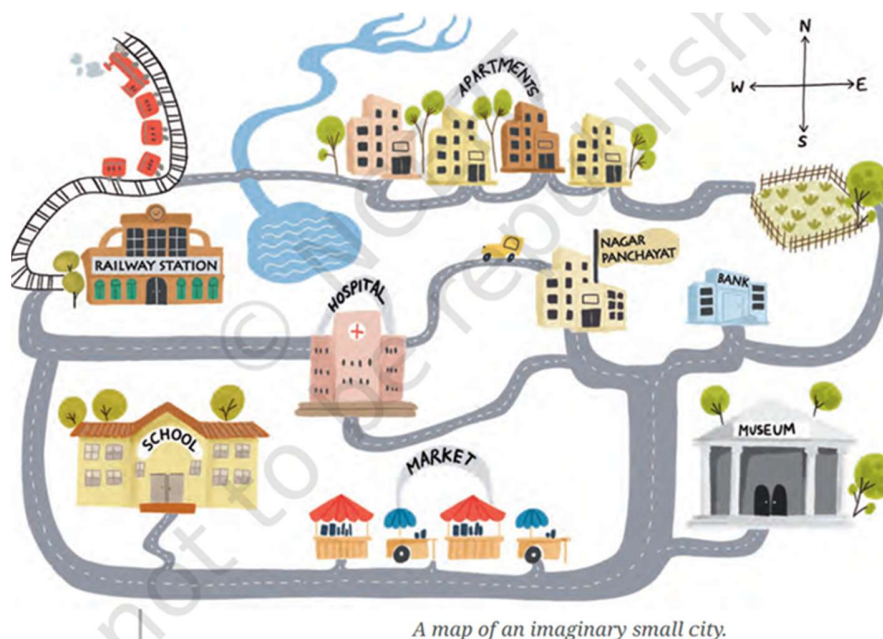
9. Describe the journey of the naming of India.

5

Section E

CASE based Questions (4x4=16)

10. Observe the picture given below and answer the questions that follows:
(1+1+2)



Questions:

- (10.1) In which direction from Railway Station is school located? (1)
- (10.2) In which direction from Hospital is bank located? (1)
- (10.3) Explain how directions are identified in a map? (2)

Following Question is given for Visually Impaired Candidates in lieu of question number 11.

Explain cardinal and intermediate directions on a map.

11. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follows:
(1+1+2)

Over long ages, the Earth's climate has gone through many changes. At certain times, it was very cold and much of the Earth was covered with ice — this is called an 'Ice Age', as you will learn in greater detail in Science. Later, when the climate warmed up, this ice partly melted, and the resulting waters swelled the existing rivers and eventually drained into the oceans. The last Ice Age lasted from over 100,000 (one lakh) years ago to around 12,000 years ago.

Questions:

- (11.1) What was Ice Age? (1)
- (11.2) When did last Ice age occur? (1)
- (11.3) List any two impact of ending of Ice Age. (2)

12. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follows:
(1+1+2)

Families are connected not only within themselves, but also with other families and the people around them. Such a group of connected people may be called a 'community' (there are other meanings for 'community', depending on the context). Members of a community

come together for various reasons, like celebrating festivals and organising feasts, weddings and other events. In some villages, people come together to support each other with agricultural practices like land preparation, sowing and harvesting. Over time, communities often agreed upon some practices on the use of shared natural wealth and resources such as water, grazing lands and forest produce. This is the case with many tribal communities.

Questions:

- (12.1) What is Community? (1)
- (12.2) How community is formed? (1)
- (12.3) Describe the speciality of tribal communities. (2)

13. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follows: (1+1+2)

While non-economic activities may not involve money, the value they generate is important in our lives. We see sevā in many places such as temples, gurudwaras, mosques and churches. For instance, langars or community kitchens at gurudwaras serve food to every visitor for free. These practices foster a sense of satisfaction and gratitude for what we have, and they are also a way of contributing to society without expecting anything in return.

Questions:

- (13.1) What are non-economic activities? (1)
- (13.2) Give one example of non-economic activity. (1)
- (13.3) Why are non-economic activities important. (2)

Section F

Map Based Questions (2+3=5)

14.(A) On the Political outline Map of India locate and label the following places- 2x1=2

- (i) Kalinga
- (ii) Surashtra

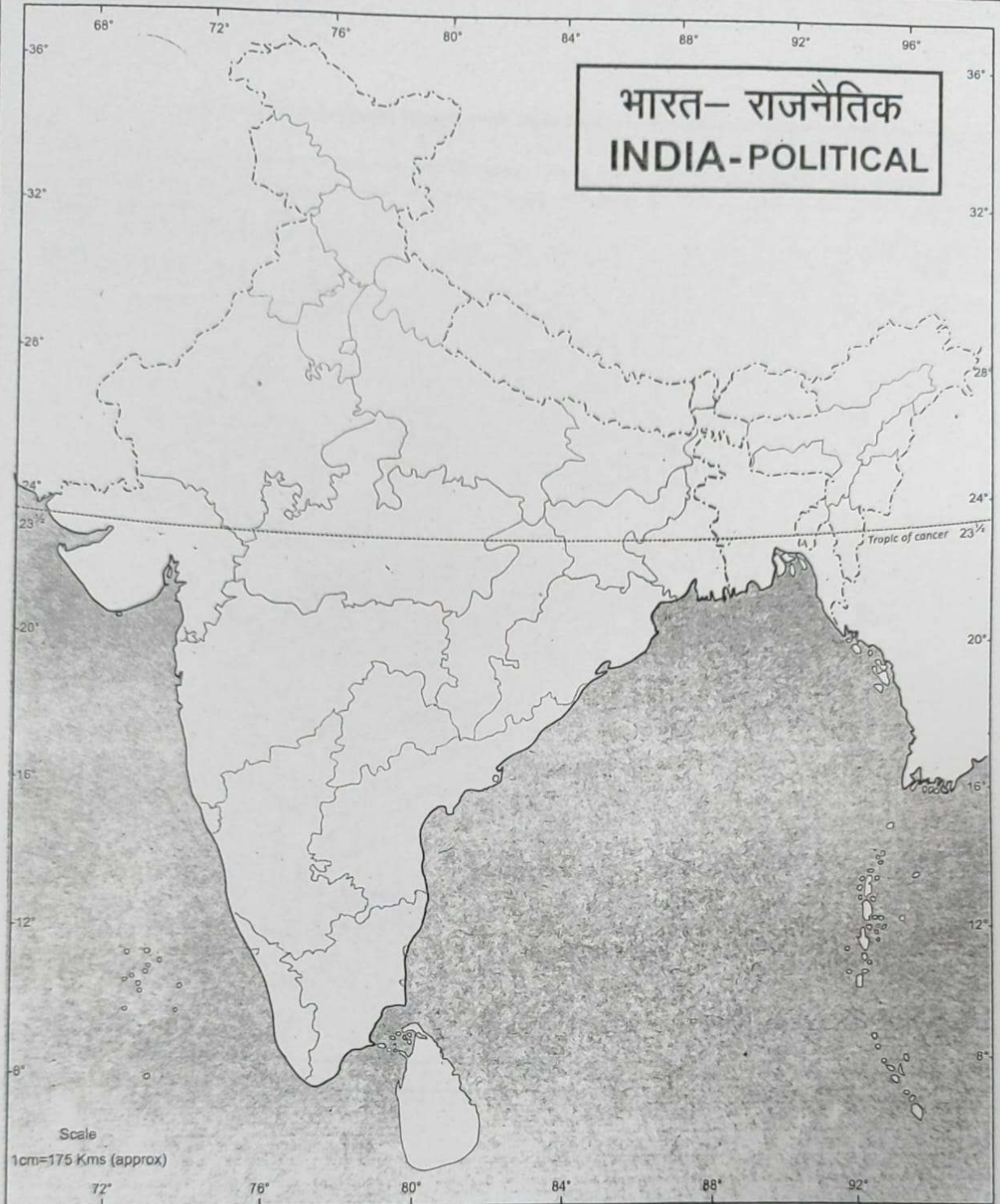
14. (B) On the political outline map of World locate and label any three of the following places.

- (a) Africa
- (b) Australia
- (c) Antarctica
- (d) Atlantic Ocean

The following questions are given for Visually Impaired students only in lieu of Question No. 14. Answer any five questions:

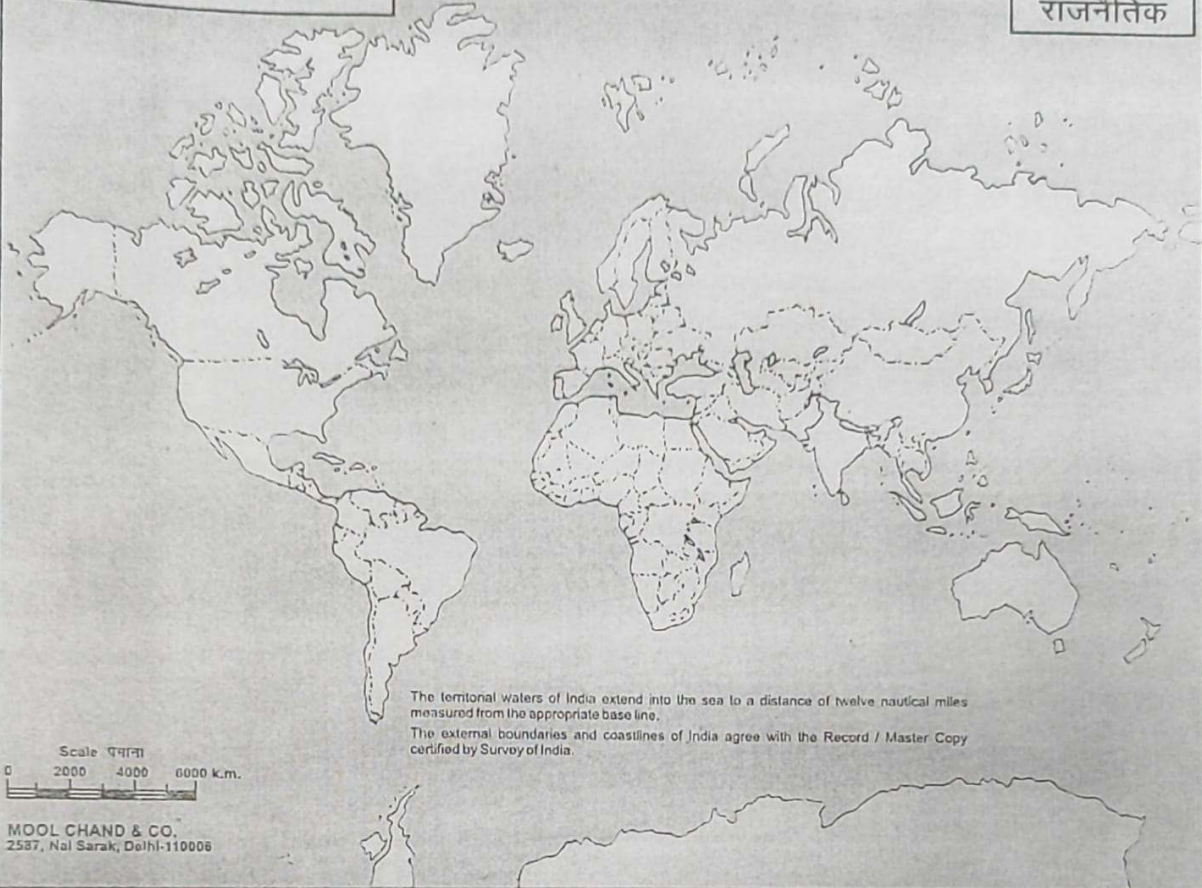
- (I) In which present-day Indian state is the Kalinga region located? 1
- (II) In which present-day Indian state is the Saurashtra region located? 1
- (III) Which is the second-largest continent in the world in terms of area? 1
- (IV) Which is the smallest continent in the world? 1
- (V) Which continent remains covered with snow throughout the year? 1
- (VI) Which is the second-largest ocean in the world? 1

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