

**PRACTICE PAPER 4**

**(2020-21)**

**CLASS XII**

**MATHEMATICS**

TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS

MAX MARKS: 80

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- (i) This question paper contains two parts A and B. Each part is compulsory. Part A carries 24 marks and Part B carries 56 marks.
- (ii) Part A has Objective type Questions and Part B has descriptive type Questions.

**Part- A**

- (a) It consists of two sections- I and II.
- (b) Section I comprises of 16 very short answer type questions.
- (c) Section II contains 2 case studies. Each case study comprises of 5 case-based MCQs. An examinee is to attempt any 4 out of 5 MCQs.

**Part-B**

- (a) It consists of three sections- III, IV and V.
- (b) Section III comprises of 10 questions of 2 marks each.
- (c) Section IV comprises of 7 questions of 3 marks each.
- (d) Section V comprises of 3 questions of 5 marks each.
- (e) Internal choice is provided in three questions of section-III, 2 questions of section IV and 3 questions of section V .

**SECTION-1**

**All questions are compulsory. In case of internal choices attempt any one.**

Q1 Evaluate :  $\int \frac{\cos\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Q2 State the reason for the relation R in the set {1, 2, 3} given by  $R = \{(1, 2), (2, 1)\}$  not to be transitive.

Q3 Write the values of  $x - y + z$  from the following equation :

$$\begin{bmatrix} x + y + z \\ x + z \\ y + z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

OR

If  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 11 \\ k & 23 \end{bmatrix}$ , then write the value of k

Q4 Write  $A^{-1}$  for  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

Q5 If A is a square matrix of order 3 and  $|A| = 7$ . Write the value of  $|\text{adj. } A|$ .

Q6 If  $\vec{a}$  is a unit vector and  $(\vec{x} - \vec{a}) \cdot (\vec{x} + \vec{a}) = 80$ , then find  $|\vec{x}|$

OR

Find the scalar components of the vector  $\overrightarrow{AB}$  with initial point A (2,1) and terminal point B (-5, 7).

Q7 Write the value of  $(\hat{i} \times \hat{j}) \cdot \hat{k} + \hat{i} \cdot \hat{j}$

Q8 What is the range of the function  $f(x) = \frac{|x-1|}{(x-1)}$  ?

Q9 What is the degree of the following differential equation?

$$5x \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 - \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6y = \log x$$

**Q10** Find the value of p, if  $(2\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} + 27\hat{k}) \times (\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + p\hat{k}) = \vec{0}$

**Q11** Write the direction cosines of a line equally inclined to the three coordinate axes.

**Q12** If the equation of a line AB is  $\frac{x-3}{1} = \frac{y+2}{-2} = \frac{z-5}{4}$ , find the direction ratios of a line parallel to AB.

**Q13** In a college, 30% students fail in Physics, 25% fail in Mathematics and 10% fail in both. One student is chosen at random, find the probability that the student fails in Physics if he/she failed in Mathematics.

**Q14** Find the area enclosed by  $y = \sin x$  and x-axis from  $x=0$  to  $x=2\pi$

**Q15** If  $P(A) = 0.4$ ,  $P(B) = 0.8$  and  $P(B|A) = 0.6$ , then find  $P(A|B)$ .

**Q16** Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ ,  $B = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$  and let  $f = \{(1, 4), (2, 5), (3, 6)\}$  be a function from A to B. State whether f is one-one or not.

## SECTION-II

Both the case study based questions are compulsory. Attempt 4 sub parts from each question. Each question carries 1 mark.

**Q17** In a hostel, 60% of the students read Hindi newspaper, 40% read English newspaper and 20% read both Hindi and English newspapers. A student is selected at random.

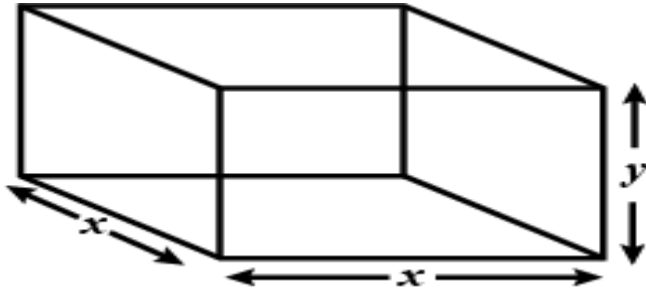
(i) What is the probability that she reads neither Hindi nor English Newspaper?

- (a)  $\frac{2}{5}$
- (b)  $\frac{3}{5}$
- (c)  $\frac{1}{5}$

- (d) 0
- (ii) If she reads Hindi newspaper, what is the probability that she reads English Newspaper?
- (a) 0
- (b)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- (c)  $\frac{2}{3}$
- (d) None of these
- (iii) If she reads English Newspaper, what is the probability that she reads Hindi Newspaper?
- (a)  $\frac{1}{5}$
- (b)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- (c)  $\frac{1}{4}$
- (d)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- (iv) What is the probability that she reads only Hindi Newspaper?
- (a)  $\frac{2}{5}$
- (b)  $\frac{4}{5}$
- (c) 1
- (d)  $\frac{3}{5}$
- (v) What is the probability that she reads either Hindi or English Newspaper?
- (a)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- (b)  $\frac{2}{3}$
- (c)  $\frac{4}{5}$

(d)  $\frac{3}{5}$

Q 18 A metal box with square base and vertical sides is to contain  $1024\text{cm}^3$  of water. The material for the top and bottom costs ₹ 5 per  $\text{cm}^2$  and the material for the sides costs ₹ 2.50 per  $\text{cm}^2$



- (i) What will be the relation between  $x$  and  $y$ ?
- (a)  $xy^2 = 1024$
  - (b)  $x^2 + 4xy = 1024$
  - (c)  $x^2y = 1024$
  - (d)  $2x^2 + 4xy = 1024$
- (ii) What will be the total cost( $C$ ) of the material used to construct the box?
- (a)  $C = 5x^2 + 20xy$
  - (b)  $C = x^2 + 4xy$
  - (c)  $C = 10x^2 + 10xy$
  - (d) None of these
- (iii) What will be the total cost( $C$ ) of the box in terms of  $x$ ?
- (a)  $C = 5x^2 + \frac{10240}{x}$
  - (b)  $C = 10x^2 + \frac{10240}{x}$
  - (c)  $C = x^2 + \frac{1024}{x}$
  - (d)  $C = 20x - \frac{1024}{x}$

- (iv) What should be the dimensions of the box to minimize the cost?
- (a)  $x=16, y=8$   
 (b)  $x=8, y=16$   
 (c)  $x=8, y=8$   
 (d)  $x=8, y=4$
- (v) What is the least cost of the box?
- (a) ₹1620  
 (b) ₹1024  
 (c) ₹1920  
 (d) ₹1780

PART-B  
SECTION-III

Q19 Solve:  $\tan^{-1}(x+1) + \tan^{-1}(x-1) = \tan^{-1} \frac{8}{31}$

Q20 If  $\sin y = x \sin (a + y)$ , prove that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^2(a + y)}{\sin a}$

**OR**

Find the value of  $k$  so that the function  $f$  defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{k \cos x}{\pi - 2x}, & \text{if } x \neq \pi/2 \\ 3, & \text{if } x = \pi/2 \end{cases}$$

is continuous at  $x = \pi/2$ .

Q21 Find the points on the curve  $y = x^3$  at which the slope of the tangent is equal to the  $y$ -coordinate of the point.

**OR**

Show that  $y = \log(1+x) - \frac{2x}{2+x}$ ,  $-1 < x < 1$  is an increasing function of  $x$  throughout its domain.

Q22 Evaluate:  $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{4x}{1+\cos^2 x} dx$  **OR**  $\int \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{x^2+5x+6}}$

Q23 Probabilities of solving a specific problem independently by A and B are  $1/2$  and  $1/3$  respectively. If both try to solve the problem independently, find the probability that

- (i) The problem is solved
- (ii) Exactly one of them solves the problem.

Q24 Find the shortest distance between the lines

$\vec{r}=3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}-4\hat{k}+\lambda(\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}+2\hat{k})$  and  $\vec{r}=5\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}+\mu(3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}+6\hat{k})$ .

Q25 Find a unit vector perpendicular to each of the vectors

$\vec{a} + \vec{b}$  and  $\vec{a} - \vec{b}$ , where  $\vec{a} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ .

Q26 Solve the following differential equation:

$$(1+x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \tan^{-1} x$$

**OR**

Solve the following differential equation:

$$(x^2 - 1) \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = \frac{2}{x^2 - 1} .$$

Q 27 Find the area of the region bounded by  $y^2=9x$ ,  $x=2$ ,  $x=4$  and the  $x$ -axis in the first quadrant.

Q28 If  $A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B^T = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , then find  $A - B^T$ .

### SECTION -IV

Q29 Show that the function in  $A = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{2}{3} \right\}$  defined as  $f(x) = \frac{4x+3}{6x-4}$  is one-one and onto.

Q30 If  $y = \log \left[ x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} \right]$ , show that  $(x^2 + a^2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$

Q31 Differentiate the following function w.r.t. x:

$$x^{\sin x} + (\sin x)^{\cos x}$$

OR

If  $x = a(\theta - \sin \theta)$ ,  $y = a(1 + \cos \theta)$ , find  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$

Q32 Solve the following differential equation:

$$(3xy + y^2)dx + (x^2 + xy)dy = 0$$

OR

Solve the following differential equation:

$$(1 + x^2) dy + 2xy dx = \cot x dx; x \neq 0$$

Q33 Find the intervals in which the function f given by

$f(x) = \sin x + \cos x$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ , is strictly increasing or strictly decreasing.

OR

Prove that the curves  $x = y^2$  and  $xy = k$  intersect at right angles if  $8k^2 = 1$ .



Q34 Evaluate  $\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/3} \frac{dx}{1 + \sqrt{\tan x}}$

Q35 Find the area of the region bounded by the ellipse

$$\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$

### SECTION V

Q36 Use product  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 \\ 3 & -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 9 & 2 & -3 \\ 6 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$  to solve the system of equations:

$$x - y + 2z = 1$$

$$2y - 3z = 1$$

$$3x - 2y + 4z = 2$$

OR

Using matrices, solve the following system of linear equation:

$$x - y + 2z = 7$$

$$3x + 4y - 5z = -5$$

$$2x - y + 3z = 12$$

Q37 Find the distance between the point (7, 2, 4) and the plane determined by the points A(2, 5, -3), B(-2, -3, 5) and C(5, 3, -3).

OR

Find the distance of the point  $(-1, -5, -10)$  from the point of

intersection of the line  $\vec{r} = (2\hat{i} - 1\hat{j} + -2\hat{k}) + \lambda(3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$

and the plane  $\vec{r} \cdot (\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}) = 5$

Q38 Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximize  $Z = 12x + 16y$

Subject to constraints:  $x + y \leq 1200$

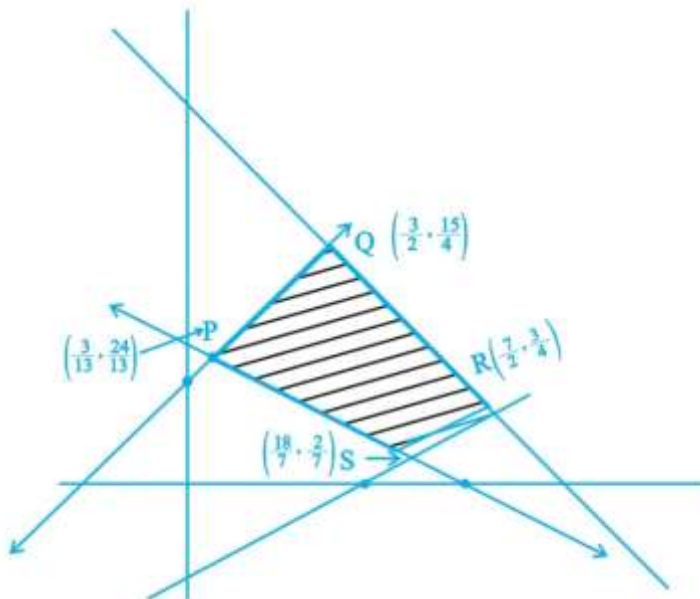
$$y \leq \frac{x}{2}$$

$$x - 3y \leq 600$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$

OR

The corner points of the feasible region determined by the system of linear constraints are shown below:



- (i) Let  $z = x + 2y$  be the objective function. Find the maximum and minimum value of  $z$  and also the corresponding points at which the maximum and minimum value occurs.
- (ii) Let  $z = px + qy$ , where  $p, q > 0$  be the objective function. Find the conditions on  $p$  and  $q$  so that the maximum occurs at  $Q\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{15}{4}\right)$  and  $R\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{3}{4}\right)$ .