Practice Paper – I (2021-22) Class-XI Chemistry (Subject Code -043)

(Marking scheme)

Instructions-

All questions carry equal marks.

- Section A: first 20 questions will be considered for evaluation.
- Section B : first 20 questions will be considered for evaluation.
- Section C: first 05 questions will be considered for evaluation.
- There is no negative marking.

Section A

- 1. C, Orientation
- 2. A, mole of nitrogen gas = 1.4/28=0.05 moles= $6.022x10^{23}x0.05x2=6.022x10^{22}$
- 3. A, Na
- 4. D, ClF_3
- 5. C,CH₄
- 6. D, KMn O_4
- 7. C, Sigma bond = 12, Pi bond =3
- 8. A, functional isomers
- 9. B, H₂O is bent
- 10. C, 4s
- 11. B, P>Cl>N>F
- 12. C, Due to resonance CH_2 =CH-CH $^{+}_2$ is more stable.
- 13. C, 3- Ethyl-1,1- dimethylcyclohexane
- 14. B, Protium

15. B,
$$\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$$

16. B, 2
$$H_2O_2$$
 \longrightarrow 2 H_2O + O_2

- 17. B, O_2^{2-}
- 18. B, Two, n-l-1= 2

- 19. D, Fe_2O_3
- 21. C, valence electron
- 22. D, n^2 $4^2=16$
- 23. C, group of 7,8,9. It is called hydride gap.
- 24. A, a pair of electrons to donate

- 25. B, mole fraction.
- 26. A, nitrogen, due to half filled electronic configuration and small size.
- 27. A, The complete balanced equation is $IO_3^- + 5I^- + 6H^+ \longrightarrow 3H_2O + 3I_2$
- 28. D, $\mathit{CH}_3\text{-CH} = \mathit{CH}_2$, Due to presence of $\alpha\text{-H}$
- 29. A, C_2D_2 Ca $C_2 + 2D_2O$ $\longrightarrow C_2D_2 + Ca (OD)_2$
- 30. B, In 14 g of N₂

Mole of $O_2 = 16/32 = 0.5$

Mole of $N_2=14/28=0.5$

Equal moles carry equal no. of molecules of N2 and O2

31. D, Fe^{+3} , Mn^{2+}

both have (Ar) $3d^5$

- 32. B, (ii) and (iii)
- 33. C, $O_2^+ > O_2 > O_2^-$ More bond order and more stability.
- 34. C
- 35. C, $SnCl_2$ acting as a reductant.
- 36. B



- 37. D, 0.5 mole of CH_4
- 38. B, Its property of catenation.
- 39. A, lambda= h/mv

$$=6.62 \times 10^{-34} / 0.1 \times 100$$

- $= 6.62 \times 10^{-33} \text{ m}$
- 40. B, three isomers
- 41. C, Unbinilium, Ubn
- 42. D C H_3 -CH-CH-CHO

Cl Br

43. C, n I m₁

3 2 -2

- 44. A, alkali metals
- 45. C, Assertion is correct but reason is false.
- 46. C, Assertion is correct but reason is false.
- 47. C, Assertion is correct but reason is false.
- 48. B, Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of assertion.
- 49. A, Both A and R are true, And Reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- 50. C, (i)-C, (ii)-D,(iii)-B,(iv)-A
- 51. C, stoichiometric-Ionic hybrid; Non-stoichiometric-metallic hydride
- 52. A, s-orbital: spherical shape; p-orbital: dumbbell shape
- 53. C, inductive effect
- 54. D, resonance effect
- 55. A, halogens