Directorate of Education, Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi Practice Question paper (Annual Exam)

Session: 2025-26

Class: 7

Subject: Social Science

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes Maximum Marks: 60

General Instructions:

- (i) This Question paper comprises Six Sections A, B, C, D, E and F. Overall there are 14 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Section A- Question number 1.i to 1.xv, are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- (iii) Section B- Question number 2 to 5, are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 20 words.
- (iv) Section C- Question number 6 and 7, are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40 words.
- (v) Section D- Question number 8 and 9 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 80 words.
- (vi) Section E- Questions number from 10 to 13 are case based questions carrying 4 marks each. Each question has three sub questions.
- (vii) Section F- Question number 14 is map based question, carrying 5 marks.
- (viii) Separate questions are given for **Visually Impaired Students Only** in lieu of Question number 14.
- (ix) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
- (x) In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.

Ques. No.	Section A Multiple Choice Question	Marks 1x15 = 15
i.	Which of the following countries is considered the healthiest country in Central America?	1
	A. Argentina	
	B. Costa Rica	
	C. Paraguay	
	D. Uruguay	
ii.	Who wrote the autobiography named ' Amar Jibon'?	1
	A. Mrs. Rassundari Devi	
	B. Mrs. Ruqaiya Hussain	
	C. Mrs. Shobhna Patil	
	D. Mrs. Shirin Prabhakar	

iii.	Which of the following is NOT a medium of mass communication?	1
	A. Bank	
	B. Newspaper	
	C. Radio	
	D. TV	
iv.	Two statements given below are marked as Statement (I) and Statement (II).	1
	Read both the statements and choose the correct option.	
	Statement (I): The item is more expensive in the weekly market.	
	Statement (II): There are no permanent shops in the weekly market.	
	Option	
	A. Statement (I) and Statement (II) both are correct.	
	B. Statement (I) and Statement (II) both are incorrect.	
	C. Statement (I) is correct and Statement (II) is incorrect.	
	D. Statement (I) is incorrect and Statement (II) is correct.	
V.	Fill in the blanks with the help of appropriate option.	1
	The head of the state is called	
	Option:	
	A. Home Minister	
	B. Governor	
	C. Chief Minister	
	D. Prime Minister	
vi.	Identify the correct match.	1
	A. World Environment Day - March 5	
	B. World Environment Day – May 5	
	C. World Environment Day – June 5	
	D. World Environment Day – December 5	
vii.	What is the regular rise and fall of ocean water twice a day called?	1
	A. Earthquake	
	B. Tsunami	
	C. Waves	
	D. Tide	
viii.	Which of the following gases is found in the largest quantity on Earth?	1
	A. Nitrogen	
	B. Oxygen	
	C. Argon	
	D. Methane	
ix.	Kolkata is situated on the banks of which river?	1
	A. Ganges	
	B. Hooghly	
	C. Narmada	
	D. Tapi	
х.	Identify the incorrect match.	1
	A. Sahara Desert – India	
	B. Ladakh - India	
	C. Kargil - India	
	D. Rajasthan - India	

	Given below are two statements , Statement (I) and Statement (II). Read both	1
	the statements and choose the correct option.	
	Statement (I): Nadir Shah attacked Delhi in 1739 .	
	Statement (II): The administration of the Mughal Empire weakened during the	
	reign of Aurangzeb's successors.	
	Option:	
	A. Statement (I) and Statement (II) both are correct.	
	B. Statement (I) and Statement (II) both are incorrect.	
	C. Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect.	
	D. Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct.	
xii.	Which of the following dance form flourished under the patronage of	1
	Wajid Ali Shah, the last Nawab of Awadh?	
	A. Kathak	
	B. Bharatanatyam	
	C. Kuchipudi	
	D. Kathakali	
xiii.	Philosopher Shankara was a supporter of which philosophy?	1
	A. Dvaitawaad	
	B. Advaitawaad	
	C. Vishishtadvaitawaad	
	D. Dvaitadvaitwaad	
xiv.	Two statement given below marked as, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read	1
	the statements and choose the correct options:	
		1
	Assertion (A): The writers of Tarikh have generally not mentioned rural life. Reason (R): History writers lived in cities.	
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5.	Explain habitat.	2
	Section C	2x3=
	Short Answer Type Question	
6.	A. Mention any three sources of income of mass media.	3
	Or	
	B. What role does the mass media play in democracy?	3
7.	A. Review the climate of the Amazon Basin.	3
	Or	
	B. Review the climate of Ganga-Brahmaputra basin.	3
	Section D	2 x 5
	Long Answer Type Question	10
8.	A. Describe the effects of the Sikh Empire.	5
	Or	5
	B. Describe the effects of the Maratha Empire.	
9.	Explain the various movements of the tectonic plates of the Earth.	5
	Section E	4x4=
	Case Based Questions	
10.	Read the following paragraph and answer the questions asked.	4
	The government has implemented the right to equality, recognized by the	
	Constitution, in two ways: first , through legislation and second , through	
	government schemes and programs. To help disadvantaged communities, India	
	has numerous laws that protect a person's right to equal treatment. Along with	
	legislation, the government has implemented numerous programs and schemes	
	to improve the lives of communities that have faced inequality for centuries .	
	These schemes are designed to ensure that those who were denied	
	opportunities in the past now receive greater opportunities .	
	Question:	
	(10.1) Why do we need 'Right to equality'?	1
	(10.2) To help which communities does the government run schemes and	1
	programmes?	
	(10.3) How do government schemes help ensure equality of opportunity?	
	Explain with examples.	2
11.	Read the following paragraph and answer the questions asked.	4
	In 'putting out system' traders pay weavers very little. The cooperative system	-
	is a means to reduce dependence on traders and increase weavers' income. In a	
	cooperative, people with similar interests come together and work for mutual	
	benefit. In a weavers' cooperative, weavers form groups and perform certain	
	activities collectively. They obtain yarn from the yarn merchant and distribute it	
	among the weavers. The cooperative also handles the sales. This eliminates the	
	role of the merchant, and weavers receive a fair price for their cloth.	
	Question:	
	(11.1) What is 'putting out system'?	1
	(11.1) What is putting out system? (11.2) Mention the name of any one system to reduce the dependency of	'
		1
	weavers of merchants?	l 1

12.	Read the following paragraph and answer the questions asked.	4
	Lava is actually fiery, red-hot magma that flows from the Earth's interior to the	
	surface. When the molten lava reaches the Earth's surface, it rapidly cools and	
	solidifies. The rocks formed in this way on the crust are called extrusive igneous	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	rock They are called. They have a very fine-grained structure. For example, basalt.	
	The Deccan Plateau is composed of basalt rocks. Molten magma sometimes cools	
	deep within the Earth 's crust . The rocks formed this way are called intrusive	
	igneous rock They are called granules. As they cool slowly, they form larger grains.	
	Granite is an example of such a rock. The abrasive processes used to make	
	pastes/spices and powders from the grains The stones used are made of granite.	
	Question	1
	(12.1) What is 'lava'?	1
	(12.2) What type of rocks make up the Deccan Plateau?	
	(12.3) What is the difference between extrusive and intrusive igneous rocks?	2
	Explain with examples.	
13.	Read the following paragraph and answer the questions asked.	4
	During Akbar's reign, these jagirs were carefully assessed so that their revenues	
	were approximately equal to the mansabdar's salary. By Aurangzeb's reign, the	
	situation had changed. The revenues now fell far short of the mansabdar's salary.	
	The number of mansabdars also increased significantly , forcing them to wait a	
	long time before receiving a jagir. All these factors led to a decline in the number	
	of jagirs. Consequently, many jagirdars, while holding jagirs, sought to extract as	
	much revenue as they could . In the final years of his reign, Aurangzeb was unable	
	to control these changes, causing immense hardship to the peasants.	
	Question:	
	(13.1) Why were jagirs assessed during the reign of Akbar?	1
	(13.2) What was the reason for the delay in granting jagirs to the mansabdars	
	during the time of Aurangzeb?	1
	(13.3) What impact did the changes in the jagirdari system during Aurangzeb's	
	reign have on the peasants? Explain.	2
	Section F	5
4.4	Map Skill Based Questions	2)/4
14.	(14.A) Show any two of the following on the political outline map of India with	2X1=
	the help of suitable symbols and Their Name Write-	
	I. Maharashtra	
	II. Rajasthan	
	III. Karnataka	
	(14.B) Show any three of the following on an outline map of the world with the	3 x 1
	help of suitable symbols and Their Name Write-	3
	I. South America	
	II. Indian Ocean	
	in. inulah Ocean	
	III North Amorica	
	III. North America	
	III. North America IV. Europe	

The following questions is for visually impaired candidates only in lieu of Question number 14. (Answer any five questions.)

1

1

- 14.1. What was 'Ur' in the Chola Administration?
- 14. 2. Who immediately succeeded as the ruler of Delhi after the death of Sultan Iltutmish?
- 14. 3. Which ruler established the 'Sur dynasty' after defeating Mughal ruler Humayun?
- 14. 4. What creates 'Loess?
- 14. 5. Which is the second most abundant gas in the atmosphere?
- 14. 6. Which type of ocean current is Gulf Stream'?
- 14. 7. In which continent is the 'Sahara desert located?



